## IN THE UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT FOR THE WESTERN DISTRICT OF OKLAHOMA

UNI	ΓED STATES OF AMERICA, )	
v.	Plaintiff, )	CASE NO. CR-20-317-SLP
CORY	(LEE JUMP	
	Defendant. )	
	PETITION TO ENTER	PLEA OF GUILTY
GUII	The defendant states to the Court that LTY to the following counts of the Indictr	nt the defendant wants to enter a plea of ment or Information:  Count 6 of Indictment
these	matters with my attorney and the answer to the best of my knowledge and belief	er penalty of perjury, that I have discussed ers to the following questions are true and
A.	BACKGROUND QUESTIONS	
		of guilty, it is necessary that the Court has this case. The questions in this section are
1.	(a) What is your name? Cory	ler Jump
	(b) What is your age? SC	
<ol> <li>3.</li> </ol>	Are you currently employed? Yes	No elephone number of your employer?  1 40 Group, 1.L. C.  1 2 1h Grad P
	Page 1 of 1	7, , ,

4.	Have you ever received medical care or treatment for drug addiction and/or alcohol abuse? Yes No
	[If so, prior to the hearing on the Petition to Enter Plea of Guilty, counsel for defendant shall submit to the judge's orders mailbox a list of the dates, places, and types of treatment received by defendant.]
5.	Have you ever received medical care or treatment for a mental or emotional condition? Yes No
	[If so, prior to the hearing on the Petition to Enter Plea of Guilty, counsel for defendant shall submit to the judge's orders mailbox a list of the dates, places, and types of treatment received by defendant.]
6.	(a) Have you consumed any drug, alcohol or medication that is now impairing your ability to think clearly or to understand and answer the questions in this Petition to Enter Plea of Guilty? Yes No
	(b) Are there any medications prescribed for you that you are not now taking as directed? Yes No If yes, does the fact that you are not taking the medication as directed impair your ability to think clearly or to understand and answer the questions in this Petition to Enter Plea of Guilty? Yes No
7.	If an attorney is now representing you in this case, what is your attorney's name?
8.	If you have an attorney, have you had enough time to talk with your attorney about your case? Yes No
9.	If you have an attorney, have you told your attorney everything you know about your case? Yes No
10.	If you have an attorney, are you satisfied with the services your attorney has provided for you? Yes No
11.	Do you understand the charge(s) against you? Yes No

## B. CONSTITUTIONAL RIGHTS - WAIVERS

Before the Court can accept your plea of guilty, it is important that you understand that you will be giving up many valuable constitutional rights by entering a plea of guilty. The questions in this section are designed to inform you of those rights.

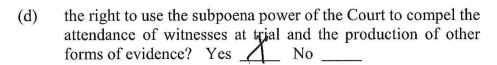
12.	Do you understand you have a right to plead NOT GUILTY to every charge filed
	Do you understand you have a right to plead NOT GUILTY to every charge file against you? YesNo

13.	Do	you	understand	if	you	plead	NOT	<b>GUILTY</b>	you	have	the	following
	con	stituti	onal rights:									

(a)	the right to a speedy and public trial by jury?
	Yes No

(b)	the right to counsel at all stages of the proceedings, and that if
	you cannot afford to pay a lawyer, one will be appointed to
	represent you? Yes X No

(c)	the right to see and hear all witnesses called to testify against
	you and the right to cross-examine them?
	Yes No



- the right not to be compelled to incriminate yourself by taking the witness stand; and that if you do not take the witness stand, no inference of guilt may be drawn from your failure to do so?

  Yes \_\_\_\_\_ No \_\_\_\_\_
- (f) the right to be presumed innocent until the government has proved you guilty beyond a reasonable doubt by the unanimous agreement of all twelve of the jury members?

  Yes \_\_\_\_\_ No \_\_\_\_\_

14.	Do you understand if you plead GUILTY you will be found guilty without a trial and you will have given up all of the above rights, except the right to counsel?  Yes No
15.	Do you understand if you plead GUILTY to a felony offense this may deprive you of valuable civil rights including the right to vote, the right to hold public office, the right to serve on a jury, the right to possess any kind of firearm, destructive device or ammunition, and may make you ineligible for certain government benefits?  Yes No Not Applicable
16.	If you are not a citizen of the United States, pleading guilty may affect your immigration status. Pleading guilty may result in your deportation or removal from the United States, may prevent you from ever lawfully reentering or remaining in the United States, and may result in the denial of naturalization. Deportation is mandatory for certain offenses, including most crimes involving controlled substances. You may be deported or removed from the United States even if you are a legal resident and even if you have legally lived in the United States for many years. Do you understand?  Yes No Not Applicable
C.	SENTENCING - GENERAL
	Before the Court can accept your plea of guilty, it is important that you understand a spects of the sentencing process. The questions in this section are designed for urpose.
17.	Do you realize if you plead GUILTY the maximum statutory sentence the judge may impose remains the same as if you had pled NOT GUILTY and had been convicted by a jury? Yes No
18.	Do you know the sentence you will receive is solely a matter for the judge to decide? Yes No
19.	What is the maximum sentence the law provides for the offense(s) to which you want to plead GUILTY?  Syears in Prison, and/or a fine of  250,000, a manda for Special  Classessment of 5100 and a  Supervised Velegge of Not More  Than three years
	D 4 C 12

served after the mandatory term	e person is released	ase for the offense	nprisonment. Is the (s) to which you was what is the manda
no+ =	Ane	Hay	3 years
of supervised imprisonment. be imposed in t	release to be serv What is the maxing	yed following the mum term of super	iscretion, impose a person's release rvised release that o
supervised rele	aximum term of im ase were revoked?	prisonment that co	ould be imposed if
2 / 60			
2 1/60			

<ul> <li>20. If you plead GUILTY, the judge may require you to make restitution to any victim of the offense [18 U.S.C. §§ 3663 and 3664]. If you plead GUILTY to an offense that occurred on or after April 24, 1996, and the offense falls into certain categories of offenses, including property offenses and crimes of violence, ordinarily the judge is required to order you to pay restitution to any victim of the offense [18 U.S.C. § 3663A]. Also, in certain cases, the law identifies specific classes of people or organizations that may be entitled to restitution. Restitution is a continuing obligation that does not end until it is paid in full. In other words, the United States may continue to seek restitution from you even though you are no longer serving a sentence of confinement or supervision. Do you understand all of this? Yes No</li> <li>21. The judge must impose a special assessment for each count to which you enter a plea of guilty. The amount of the special assessment depends on whether the offense is a felony or a misdemeanor [18 U.S.C. § 3013]. In your case, taking into account each offense to which you want to plead guilty, the total amount of special assessment is \$</li></ul>		
plea of guilty. The amount of the special assessment depends on whether the offense is a felony or a misdemeanor [18 U.S.C. § 3013]. In your case, taking into account each offense to which you want to plead guilty, the total amount of special assessment is \$ 100 This amount will be due at the time of sentencing. Do you understand this? Yes No  22. If you are on probation or parole in this or any other court, do you know that by pleading GUILTY here your probation or parole may be revoked and you may be required to serve a sentence as a result of that revocation in addition to any sentence imposed upon you in this case? Yes No  23. Do you understand that in certain circumstances a federal judge may order a federal sentence of imprisonment to run at the same time as a state sentence of imprisonment? Yes No  24. Do you understand if you are convicted of a violation of Title 18, United States Code, Section 924(c), the term of imprisonment imposed for that conviction cannot be served concurrently with any other term of imprisonment?	20.	of the offense [18 U.S.C. §§ 3663 and 3664]. If you plead GUILTY to an offense that occurred on or after April 24, 1996, and the offense falls into certain categories of offenses, including property offenses and crimes of violence, ordinarily the judge is required to order you to pay restitution to any victim of the offense [18 U.S.C. § 3663A]. Also, in certain cases, the law identifies specific classes of people or organizations that may be entitled to restitution. Restitution is a continuing obligation that does not end until it is paid in full. In other words, the United States may continue to seek restitution from you even though you are no longer serving a sentence of confinement or supervision. Do you understand all of this?
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D.	SENTENCING	<b>GUIDELINES</b>	AND	OTHER	SENTENCING
	CONSIDERATIO	ONS			

25.	In determining an appropriate sentence for a federal crime, the judge must consider
	the Sentencing Guidelines developed by the United States Sentencing Commission.
	The Sentencing Guidelines are advisory in nature, not mandatory. The judge must
	consider imposing a sentence within the range established by the Sentencing
	Guidelines, but the judge may impose a sentence either above or below that range.
	Do you understand this? Yes X No

- 26. In calculating the range of sentence under the advisory Sentencing Guidelines, the judge will take into account all conduct, circumstances, and injuries associated with your criminal conduct, whether or not this conduct is formally charged by the government. The judge will consider all relevant conduct at the time of sentencing even though you are pleading guilty to fewer than all counts in the Indictment or Information. Do you understand this? Yes \_\_\_\_\_\_ No \_\_\_\_\_
- 27. Also, there is no limitation placed on the information the judge can consider at the time of sentencing concerning your background, character, and conduct so long as the information is reliable. The judge will take all of these factors into consideration in determining an appropriate sentence. Do you understand this?

  Yes \_\_\_\_\_ No \_\_\_\_\_
- 28. If the judge orders a presentence investigation, a U.S. Probation Officer will be assigned to conduct a thorough investigation and prepare a presentence report for the judge's use. Do you understand that if you lie to the U.S. Probation Officer, or if you cause others to lie on your behalf, this can be considered by the judge and may increase the range of sentence calculated under the advisory Sentencing Guidelines? Yes \_\_\_\_\_ No \_\_\_\_
- Your history of prior criminal convictions will be used to compute your Criminal History Category under the Sentencing Guidelines. If you have prior felony convictions which were imposed or for which you have served time within the past 15 years, your Criminal History Category may be increased. Similarly, if you have received misdemeanor convictions within the past 10 years, your Criminal History Category may be increased. Certain exceptions may apply in your case that would exclude a conviction from the Criminal History Category computation. Nonetheless, do you understand your prior criminal history has a direct impact on the calculation of the sentencing range under the advisory Sentencing Guidelines? Yes \_\_\_\_\_ No \_\_\_\_\_

Do you understand if you committed the present offense(s) while you were on probation, parole, supervised release, or escape status, this will increase the number of points assessed in your criminal history computation. If this increases your Criminal History Category, do you understand it may increase the range of sentence calculated under the advisory Sentencing Guidelines? Yes No
Do you understand if this offense is a crime of violence or a drug trafficking offense, and if you have two prior felony convictions of either a crime of violence or a drug trafficking offense, you could be sentenced as a career criminal offender which would increase the sentence you receive?  Yes No Not Applicable
The maximum sentence for the offense(s) to which you want to plead guilty is the statutory maximum set out in ¶¶ 19, 20 and 21 above. If you are pleading guilty to more than one count, you could receive the maximum sentence on each count of conviction running consecutively (C/S). See USSG § 5G1.2. Do you understand this? Yes No
In certain cases, the law requires the judge to impose a mandatory minimum term of imprisonment. The judge may not impose a sentence below a mandatory minimum term unless the United States Attorney, in his or her discretion, files a motion. Do you understand this? Yes No Not Applicable
Parole is not available in the federal system. If you are sentenced to a term of imprisonment, you will serve the entire time imposed (less any earned good time credits that may be applied to reduce the amount of time you actually serve). The maximum amount of credit you may receive against your sentence will be determined by the Bureau of Prisons and is limited by statute [18 U.S.C. § 3624]. Do you understand this? Yes No
If at least one year of imprisonment is ordered in your case, the judge may also impose a term of supervised release, which you will begin serving after you are released from custody. For certain offenses, a term of supervised release is mandatory. During any term of supervised release, you will be subject to conditions that will include refraining from any additional violations of local, state or federal law, reporting requirements, travel and residence restrictions, and testing for controlled substance use. If you violate the conditions of your supervised release, the judge may revoke your supervised release and sentence you to an additional term of imprisonment. This additional term of imprisonment would be served without credit for the time you successfully spent on supervised release. Do you understand this? Yes No

The judge has the discretion to impose another term of supervised release, to be served after you serve your sentence for violating the first term of supervised release. If you violate your supervised release again, you can be sentenced to serve more time, followed by more supervised release, at the discretion of the judge. Under certain circumstances there is no limit to the number of times supervised release can be revoked and another term of supervised release imposed. Do you understand this? Yes No
In some circumstances, the judge may decide that your case warrants imposing a sentence with conditions other than incarceration for the full term of the sentence. Options available to the judge include probation, home confinement, community confinement, electronic monitoring, intermittent confinement, or a combination of any of these. Do you understand this? Yes No
If you plead guilty to a federal sex offense, you may be subject to state laws requiring the registration of sex offenders. Do you understand this?  Yes No Not Applicable
VOLUNTARY NATURE OF PLEA
Are your plea(s) of GUILTY and the waivers of your rights made voluntarily and completely of your own free choice, free of any force or threats or pressures from anyone? Yes No
(a) Have you extered into a plea agreement with the government?  Ves Yes  No  (b) If so:
Is this a conditional plea pursuant to Fed. R. Crim. P. 11(a)(2) that reserves certain rights to appeal? Yes No
If yes, what issues are reserved for appeal?
Have you read the plea agreement or had the plea agreement read to you?  Yes No

36.

37.

E.

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39.

	Have you had enough time to discuss the plea agreement with your attorney?  Yes No				
	Were all the terms of the plea agreement explained to you, including any waivers of your rights? YesX No				
	Do you understand all of the terms of the plea agreement, including the waivers of your rights? Yes No				
	(c) What are your reasons for making that agreement?  I admit that I broke the 19w and I need to move on If 1-22-2				
	(d) If your plea of GUILTY involves a plea agreement, do you understand that the judge can reject the plea agreement after completion of the presentence investigation if the judge finds that the plea agreement is not in the interests of justice? Yes No				
40.	Has any promise been made by anyone that causes you to plead GUILTY aside from the plea agreement, if any, set out in your answer to question 39?  Yes No If yes, what promise has been made and by whom?				
41.	(a) Has any officer, attorney or agent of any branch of government (federal, state or local) promised or predicted that you will receive a lighter sentence, or probation, or any other form of leniency if you plead GUILTY?  Yes No				
	(b) Do you understand no one has any authority to make any such promise or prediction on your sentence because the matter of sentencing is exclusively within the control of the judge and no one else? Yes No				
42.	Has the judge made any suggestion as to what the actual sentence will be?  Yes No				
43.	Are you pleading GUILTY because you are guilty? Yes No				
44.	Is there any other information or advice that you want before you enter a plea?  Yes No				

CONCLUSION/FACTUAL BASIS
Has your attorney reviewed and discussed with you all of these questions and your answers to them? Yes No
Do you understand all of these questions? Yes No
If not, which questions do you not understand?
(a) Do you now want to plead GUILTY? Yes No
(b) Are you GUILTY? Yes X No
State what you did to commit the offense(s) to which you are now pleading GUILTY.  ON Oct 21, 2020 In Edmond Oklahoma at most his press within the western of Oklahoma the detendant lied to special agent Sared Lowe, who had previously identified him selt as an A.T. In agent, Though them I had sold no morthan two firearms to Jorge Luis Villa great when I was afternoon and the moting to Con Ceal at any are sale.

I understand that if I have knowingly and intentionally made any false answers in this Petition to Enter Plea of Guilty, my answers may be used against me in another prosecution for perjury or making a false statement. Signed by me and affirmed to be true under penalty of perjury in the presence of my attorney on this 22 day of revivury CERTIFICATE OF DEFENSE COUNSEL I, as attorney for the defendant, Cory Lee Jump . hereby certify: I have read and fully explained to the defendant the allegations contained in the Indictment or Information in this case. To the best of my knowledge and belief the statements, representations, and declarations made by the defendant in this Petition to Enter Plea of Guilty are in all respects accurate and true. 3. The plea of guilty offered by the defendant Count(s) accords with my understanding of the facts the defendant has related to me, is consistent with my advice to the defendant, and in my opinion is knowingly and voluntarily made. I assure the Court that I have advised the defendant about the applicable sentencing procedures, including procedures under the Sentencing Guidelines, and I have explained to the defendant the potential consequences of a plea of guilty in light of the questions and concerns set forth in Sections C and D of this Petition. Signed by me in the presence of the defendant and after full discussion of the contents of this certificate with the defendant, this 22 md February, 2021 Attorney for Defendant

\*

## **CERTIFICATE OF PROSECUTING ATTORNEY**

As attorney for the government, I hereby certify:

- 1. I have read and fully discussed with defense counsel the allegations contained in the Indictment or Information in this case.
- 2. I have also reviewed this Petition to Enter Plea of Guilty and find it to be in accordance with my knowledge of the defendant and this case.
- 3. In my judgment, acceptance of the defendant's plea(s) of guilty to the charge(s) in question will not undermine the statutory purposes of sentencing.

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Signed by me this this	>	day of	Morch	 20

Attorney for the Government